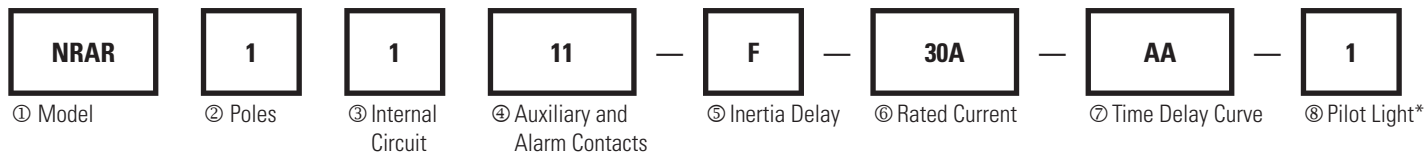


Part Numbering Guide

NRA series part numbers are composed of up to 8 part number codes. When ordering an NRA series part, select one code from each category.
Example: NRAR 1 1 11 -F - 30A -AA -1



Part Number Codes: NRA Series

	Description	Part Number Code	Remarks
① Model	Lever (round cutout)	NRAS	
	Lever (rectangular cutout)	NRAN	
	Rocker	NRAR	
② No. of Poles	1-pole	1	NRAR available in 1-pole only.
	2-pole	2	All multi-pole circuit breakers are simultaneous throw/simultaneous break.
	3-pole	3	All levers are mechanically interlocked.
③ Internal Circuit	Series current trip	1	
	Without	00	
	With auxiliary contact	11	Auxiliary contact switches change state with lever and/or overload condition
④ Auxiliary and Alarm Contacts	With alarm contact	21	Alarm contact switches change state only with overload condition
	Without inertia delay	Blank	
	With inertia delay	F	
⑤ Inertia Delay			
⑥ Rated Current	Rated current (current trip)	0.3A, 0.5A, 0.75A, 1A, 2A, 3A, 5A, 7.5A, 10A, 15A, 20A, 25A, 30A	All current ratings must be listed in amps (A). Example conversion: 300mA = 0.30A.
	AC curves	AA, BA, MA	
	DC curves	AD, MD	
⑦ Time Delay Curve			For time delay curves, see page 888.
⑧ Pilot Light*	With neon light 120V AC (50/60Hz)	1	
	With neon light 240V AC (50/60Hz)	2	
			*Applicable to illuminated NRAR only.

1. For NRA series accessories, see page 886.
2. For NRA series time delay curves, see page 888.
3. For NRA series dimensions, see page 890.
4. Not suitable for branch circuit protection.
5. UL recognized, applicable standard: UL1077, "Supplementary Protectors."

Information About Circuit Breakers

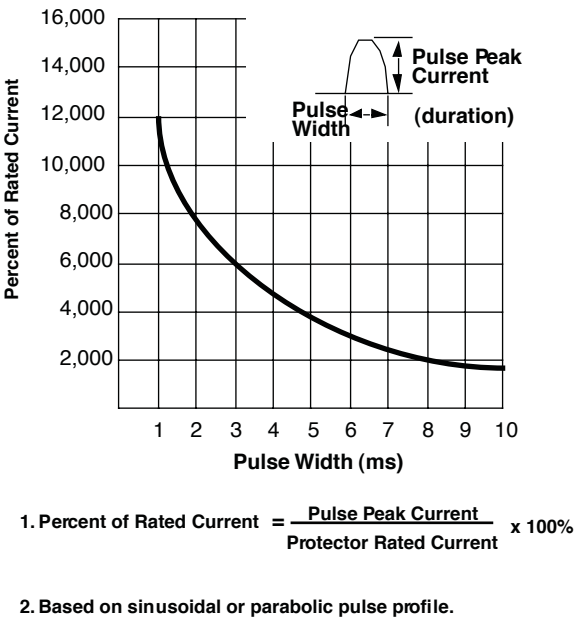
Time Delay Curve Descriptions

Time Delay Curve	NRA Application
AD, AA	Common curves used in molded-case circuit breakers.
BA	Response to overcurrent is quite fast. Suited for protection of semiconductor circuits with very little overload tolerance. If overcurrents are expected to flow, fuses may be required according to the circuit characteristics.
MD, MA	Suited for motor loads that draw high inrush currents lasting a considerable length of time.
With Inertia Delay (F)	Designed not to trip on 20 times the rated current (peak value) for a duration of 8ms. Suited for transformer and lamp loads that draw steep inrush currents.

Inertia Delay Description

Circuit breakers equipped with inertia delay do not respond to high inrush currents such as those produced by transformer, lamp, or motor loads, but perform specified interruption on rated overcurrents.

Specify inertia delay by inserting an "F" in the part number as shown in Part Number Guide on previous page.



Notes

Multi-Pole

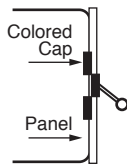
Multi-pole types such as 2- or 3-pole should be assembled by IDEC.
Because of their characteristics, 1-pole breakers cannot be combined to provide multi-pole units.

Auxiliary and Alarm Contacts

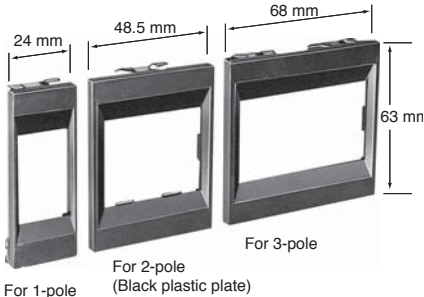
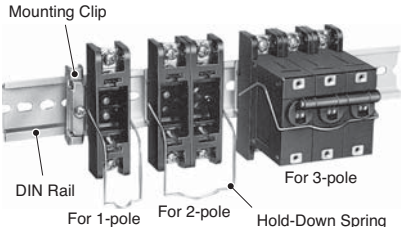
Multi-pole units can incorporate auxiliary and alarm contacts.
Auxiliary and alarm contacts will not work with IDEC's DIN rail adapters.

Accessories

Part Numbers: NRA Series Accessories

Description	Appearance	Part No.	Remarks
Color Caps (NRAS only)	Red	NR5R	 Colored caps fit onto NRAS circuit breakers for color coding circuits and improving the appearance of the panel.
	Blue	NR5S	
	Yellow	NR5Y	
	White	NR5H	
Screw Terminal Adapter (1 pair)		NRT	For use on main terminals only. Includes M3.5 clamp screw. For dimensions see page 892.

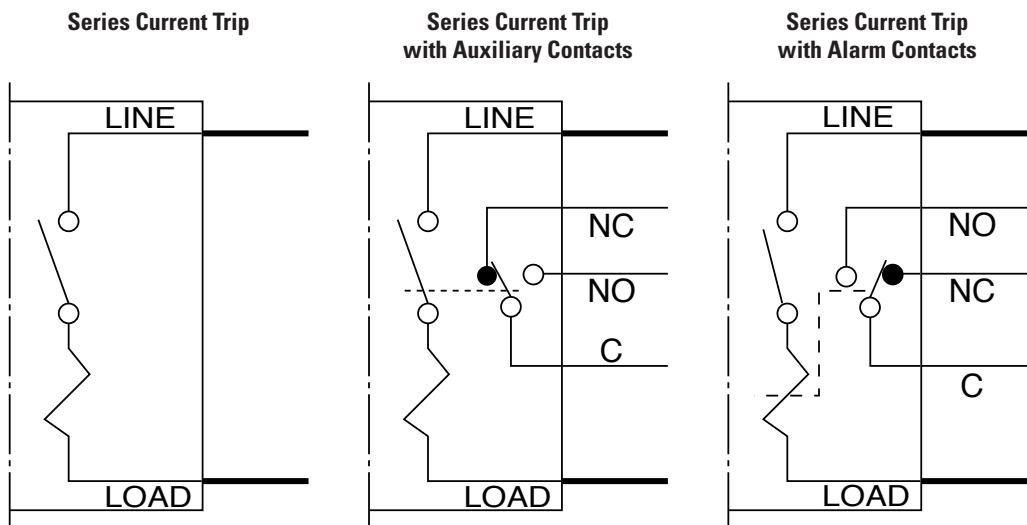
Part Numbers: NRA Mounting Accessories

Description	Appearance	For Model	Number of Poles	Part Number	Remarks
Panel Mount Flush Plate		NRAN NRAR	1-pole	NR31	Use of a flush plate makes snap-in mount possible for NRAN, and NRAR circuit breakers (tightening screws not necessary). Multiple units can mount in a single panel cut-out.
		NRAN	2-pole	NR32	
		NRAN	3-pole	NR33	
DIN Rail Plug-in Base		NRAS NRAN	1-pole	NR21	1. Furnished with a hold-down spring. 2. Applicable only for series trip units up to 20 amps. 3. Not applicable for NRAR lighted series. 4. Not for use with circuit breakers incorporating auxiliary or alarm contacts.
		2-pole	NR22		
		3-pole	NR23		
NRAR		1-pole	NR211		
Surface Mount Plug-in Base		NRAS NRAN	1-pole	NUS1	
			2-pole	NUS2	
			3-pole	NUS3	
	NRAR	1-pole	NUS11		

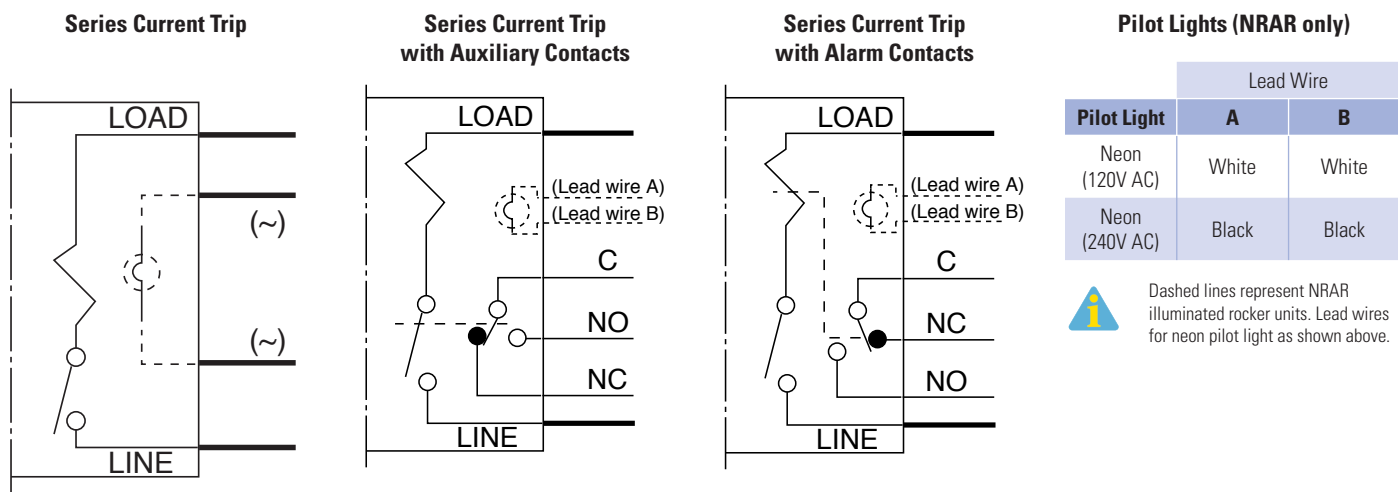


For dimensions of NRA series accessories and panel cut-out layouts, see drawings starting on page 891.

Internal Circuits and Terminal Arrangements: NRAS and NRAN Series



Internal Circuits and Terminal Arrangements: NRAR Series



Time Delay Curves (numerical equivalent)

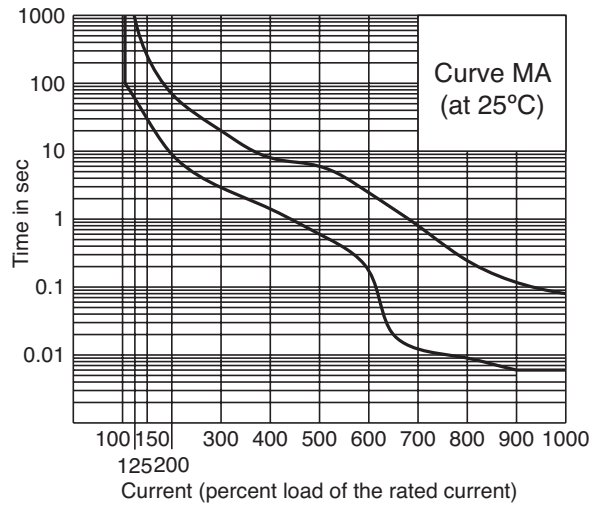
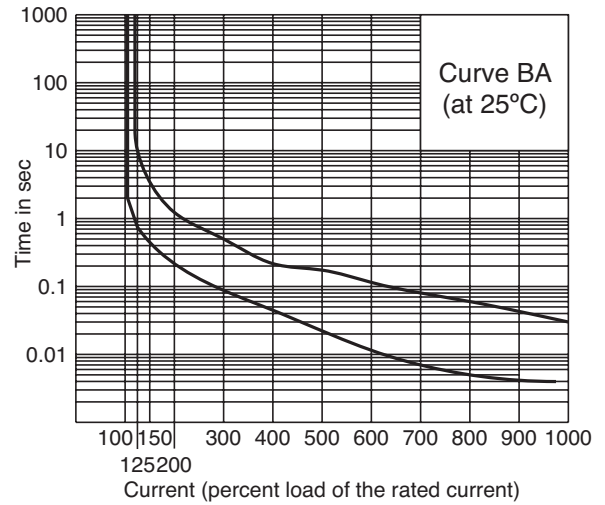
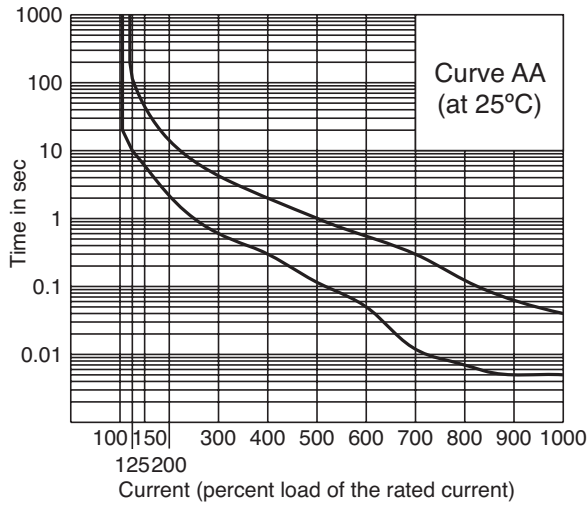
Overcurrent — Time Delay Characteristics in Seconds (at 25°C)

	Percent of Rated Current								
	Curve	100%	125%	150%	200%	400%	600%	800%	1000%
AC (50/60Hz)	AA	No trip	10 – 120	6 – 45	2.2 – 15	0.3 – 2	0.05 – 0.55	0.007 – 0.13	0.005 – 0.04
	BA	No trip	0.75 – 10	0.45 – 3.5	0.22 – 1.3	0.045 – 0.22	0.012 – 0.12	0.005 – 0.06	0.004 – 0.03
	MA	No trip	60 – 900	30 – 260	9 – 70	1.5 – 8	0.18 – 2.5	0.009 – 0.25	0.006 – 0.08
DC	AD	No trip	10 – 130	6 – 55	2.6 – 20	0.5 – 3.5	0.12 – 1.4	0.008 – 0.1	0.005 – 0.05
	MD	No trip	35 – 400	20 – 200	7 – 60	1.3 – 8	0.2 – 3	0.01 – 0.25	0.006 – 0.08

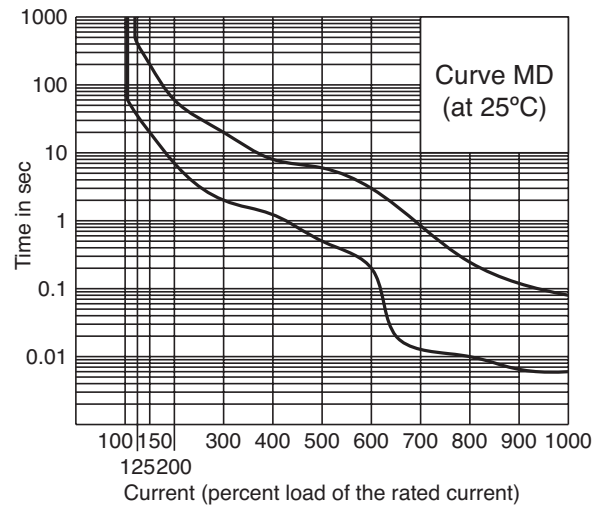
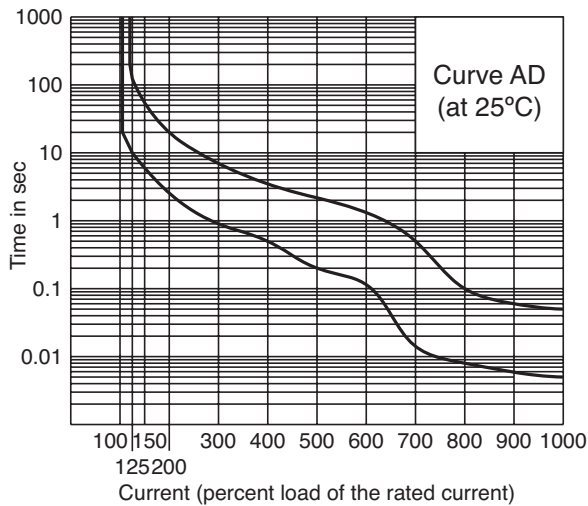
1. All values above are in seconds.

2. Data in this table is equivalent to information presented in the time delay curves shown on page 888.

Time Delay Curves – NRA Series



DC Time Delay Curves

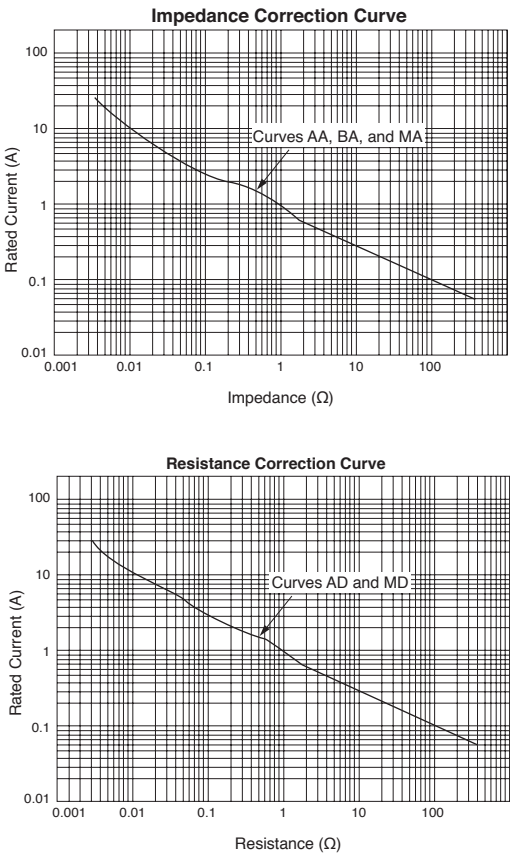


Resistance and Impedance Characteristics

Coil Data

Rated Current	DC Resistance	AC Impedance (50/60Hz)
	Curves AD, MD	Curves AA, BA, MA
0.3A	9.67Ω	9.82Ω
0.5A	3.24Ω	3.36Ω
0.75A	1.45Ω	1.49Ω
1A	0.90Ω	0.92Ω
2A	0.21Ω	0.21Ω
3A	0.09Ω	0.092Ω
5A	0.036Ω	0.036Ω
7.5A	0.017Ω	0.018Ω
10A	0.012Ω	0.012Ω
15A	0.0066Ω	0.0068Ω
20A	0.0048Ω	0.0048Ω
25A	0.0043Ω	0.0043Ω
30A	0.0036Ω	0.0041Ω

 Tolerance ±25% (up to 20A), ±50% (25A and over).



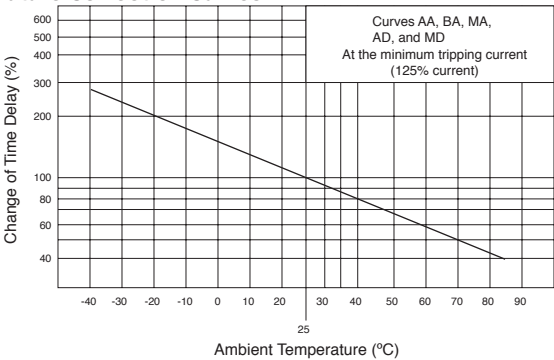
Voltage Drop Due to Resistance or Impedance

The internal resistance or impedance of a circuit breaker tends to be larger for a smaller rated current. Therefore, when circuit breakers with a small rated current are used, voltage drop should be taken into consideration. Internal resistance also varies with time delay curves, even at the same rated current. This should also be considered during installation.

Time Delay Curve and Ambient Temperature

Since NRA series circuit breakers employ an electromagnetic tripping system, the rated current (trip current) is not affected by the ambient temperature, but the time delay varies with the oil viscosity in the tube. Lower oil viscosity at higher temperatures results in shorter delay; whereas at lower temperatures, the delay will be prolonged. The time delay curves, shown starting on page 888, are at 25°C. Time delay curves can be corrected.

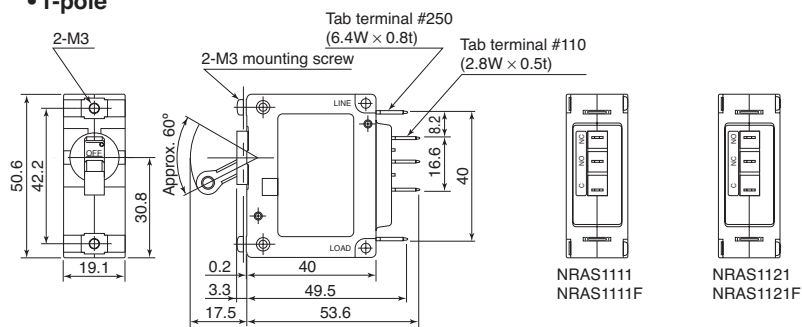
Temperature Correction Curves



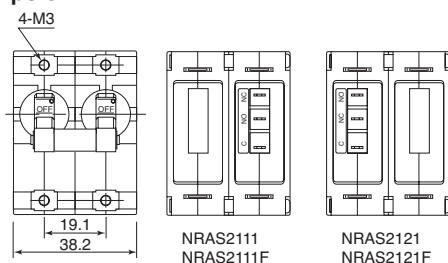
Dimensions

NRAS

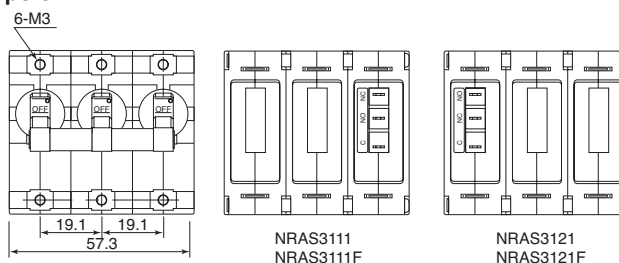
• 1-pole



• 2-pole

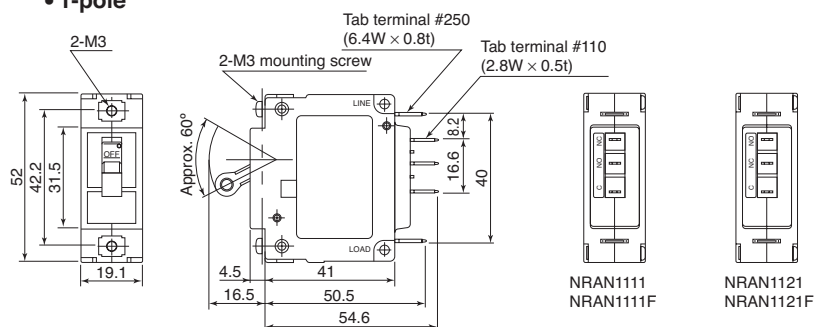


• 3-pole

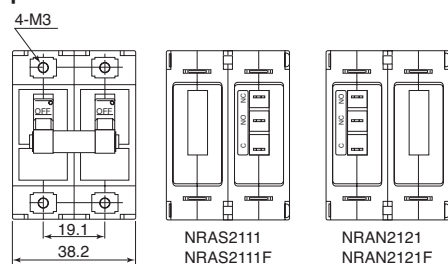


NRAN

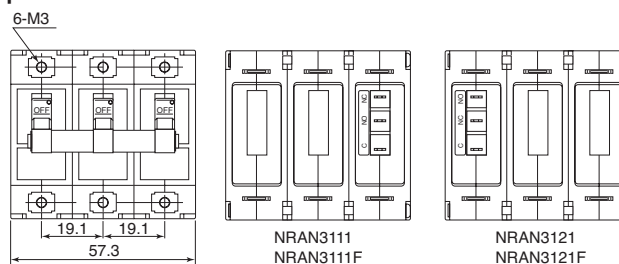
• 1-pole



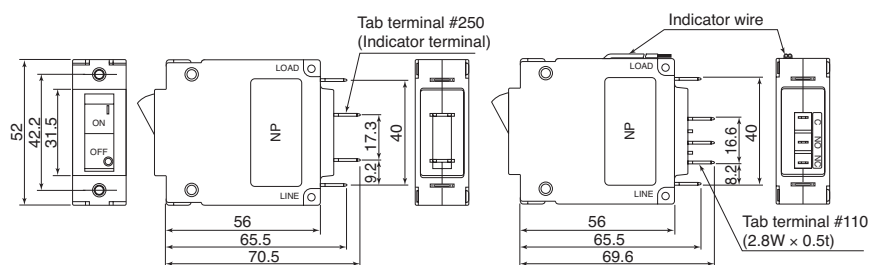
• 2-pole



• 3-pole

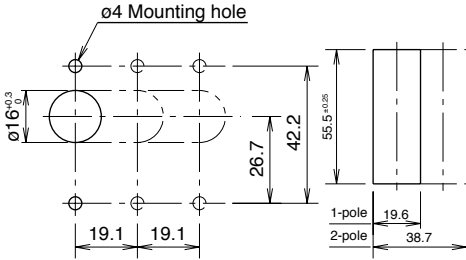


NRAR

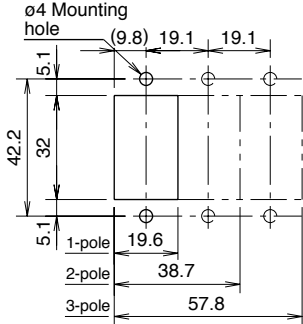


Panel Cut-Outs

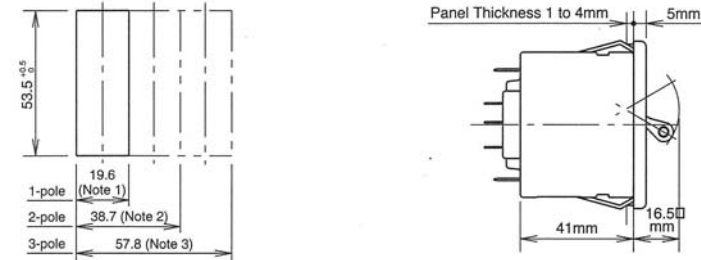
NRAS Series



NRAR, NRAN



NR31, NR32, NR33 – Panel Mount Flush Plate



Panel cut-out when two or more units are mounted closely (n = number of units).
Note 1: 24.3n - 5
Note 2: 48.8n - 10
Note 3: 69.3n - 10

Installation Angle: Circuit breakers are designed to operate on a vertical surface. The mounting angle should not exceed a vertical plane by more than 10°.

Model	Maximum Mounting Distance		Dimensions (mm)	
	A	B	Mounting to Panel Surface	Mounting to DIN Rail
NRAS	3.02" (77.5mm)	3.57" (91.5mm)		
NRAN	3.02" (77.5mm)	3.57" (91.5mm)		
NRAR	3.38" (86.7mm)	3.93" (100.7mm)		